Unit 12 Syllables & Rhythm (3):

stress, and weak forms

Slides for the session of *Phonetics with Listening Practice (British)* held on 24 June 2025 φων

Syllables & Rhythm (3):

Outline

The phonological rank scale for English reprised

Rhythm

Weak Forms

Robert Spence { English Department | LangSciTech } Saarland University

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Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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Rhythm

Weak Forms

English Phonetics: Unit 12: /ˈɪŋ glɪʃ/ /fə ˈnet ɪks/ /ˈjuːn ɪt/ /ˈtwelv/ [ˈɪŋɡlɪ̃ʃfəˈne̯tĩks | ˈjuːnɪ̆t ̈ ˈtwe̯ᠯv]

Syllables & Rhythm (3) /ˈsɪl əb əlz/ /ən/ /rɪð əm/ /θriː/ [ˈsɪłəbɨ̄z¤ˌˈɹɪðᡎ | ˈθɾiː]

stress, and weak forms /stres/ /ənd/ /ˈwiːk ˌfɔːmz/ [ˈst̪ɪe̯s | ən ˈwɪi̯k,fɔːmz]

1 The phonological rank scale for English reprised

2 Rhythm

3 Weak Forms

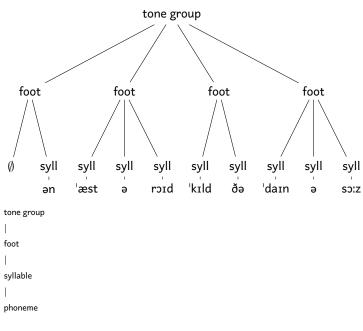
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Weak Forms

(Context: 'What happened 65 million years ago?')

• French is **syllable**-timing:



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- French is **syllable**-timing:
 - each syllable takes as much time to say as any other syllable does



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- French is **syllable**-timing:
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 - how would a French speaker read aloud "an asteroid killed the dinosaurs"?



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- French is **syllable**-timing:
 - each syllable takes as much time to say as any other syllable does
 - how would a French speaker read aloud "an asteroid killed the dinosaurs"?
- English is stress-timing:



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- French is syllable-timing:
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- English is **stress**-timing:
 - some syllables are stressed they 'stand out' (are 'salient') because they are louder and/or longer than the others: [ən 'æstəɪɔɪd 'krłd ðə 'daməsɔ:z]



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 - the time from one stressed syllable to the next is roughly constant.

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 - the time from one stressed syllable to the next is roughly constant.
- The phonological unit of rhythm is the FOOT:
 - each foot starts with a stressed syllable or with a 'silent beat'.
 - we will use a forward slash (/) to indicate a foot boundary.
- Practise making each foot the same length:
 - / John / bought / five / black / ties / $_{\wedge}$ /
 - / Mary's / buying / seven / yellow / dresses / _ /
 - / Jennifer's / purchasing / seventy / violet / cardigans / _ /
 - / Nicholas is / contemplating / twenty-seven / multicoloured / carpet-slippers / $_{\wedge}$ /

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Definitions:



Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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- Definitions:
 - 'Content' words = common nouns, proper nouns, lexical verbs, adjectives, and (most) adverbs.



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- Difference between secondary or minor stress (,) and primary or major stress (') is not very important:
 - It's polysylLABic. (versus) They're polysyllabic WORDS.
 - It's POLysyllabic not MONosyllabic.
- Sometimes a syllable will be stressed just to maintain the rhythm (here: the syllable **for**):
 - Surely TOM can write it for us

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Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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Weak Forms versus Strong Forms: the difference is important!

Sally can write the report in Hungarian for us.
 / Sally can / write the re- / port in Hun- / GARian / for us can = POLARITY: positive: unmarked
 [kņ] ('weak form') (eine einfache Bejahung)
 (nicht rhythmisch hervorgehoben)



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 [kn] ('weak form') (eine einfache Bejahung)
 (nicht rhythmisch hervorgehoben)
- I can't write reports in Hungarian, but I can find a translator for you
 - I / can't / write re- / ports in Hun- / GARian but
 - I / can / find a trans- / LATor / for you
 can = POLARITY: positive: marked
 [k^hæn] ('strong form') (eine stärkere Bejahung)
 (rhythmisch hervorgehoben)

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 can = POLARITY: positive: marked
 [k^hæn] ('strong form') (eine stärkere Bejahung)
 (rhythmisch hervorgehoben)

 You can write reports in Hungarian! You / CAN / write re- / ports in Hun- / garian! can = POLARITY: positive: marked: contrastive [k^hæn] ('strong form') (eine trotzige Bejahung) (rhythmisch und melodisch hervorgehoben)



Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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Rhythm

• Context: 'What happened 65 million years ago?'

• Utterance:
$$\|_{1. \land}$$
 on / æst ə rəıd / kıld ðə */ daın ə sə:z $\|$

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Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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Rhythm

- Context: 'What happened 65 million years ago?'
- Utterance: // _____ an / æst a rɔɪd / kıld ða */ dam a sɔːz //

• (1) unstressed syllable with reduced vowel: an a ða a



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• Context: 'What happened 65 million years ago?'

• Utterance:
$$\|_{1. \land}$$
 on / æst ə rɔɪd / kıld ðə */ dam ə sɔːz $\|$

- (2) unstressed syllable with normal vowel: roid so:z
- (1) unstressed syllable with reduced vowel: an a da a

Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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Context: 'What happened 65 million years ago?'

• Utterance: $\|_{1, \wedge} = n / \text{ est} = r_{21} / \text{ kild } \tilde{d} = * / \text{ dam} = s_{22} / /$

- (3) stressed syllable: kild
- (2) unstressed syllable with normal vowel: roid so:z
- (1) unstressed syllable with reduced vowel: an a da a



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Context: 'What happened 65 million years ago?'

• Utterance: $\| _{1. \land} \circ n / \text{ est } \circ r \circ i d / \text{ kild } \partial \circ * / \text{ dam } \circ s \circ z / /$

- (4) stressed syllable, first stress in utterance: æst
- (3) stressed syllable: kild
- (2) unstressed syllable with normal vowel: roid so:z
- (1) unstressed syllable with reduced vowel: an a da a



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Context: 'What happened 65 million years ago?'

• Utterance: $\| _{1. \land} = n / \text{ est } = r_{21} d / kld \tilde{d} = * / dam = s_{22} /$

- (5) stressed syllable, melodically prominent: dain
- (4) stressed syllable, first stress in utterance: æst
- (3) stressed syllable: kild
- (2) unstressed syllable with normal vowel: roid so:z
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- •
- NERD ALERT!
- cf also John C. Wells on 'Syllabification and Allophony': https://www.phon.ucl.ac.uk/home/wells/syllabif.htm



Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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Standard English = stress-timing; Indian English = syllable-timing



Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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- Standard English = stress-timing; Indian English = syllable-timing
- Which form of English will be most important by 2124?



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- Standard English = stress-timing; Indian English = syllable-timing
- Which form of English will be most important by 2124?
- Will English lose its weak forms in the future?:



Syllables & Rhythm (3):

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- Standard English = stress-timing; Indian English = syllable-timing
- Which form of English will be most important by 2124?
- Will English lose its weak forms in the future?:
- First paragraph of 'A Tale of Two Cities' by Charles Dickens (1859):

It was the best of times, it was the worst of times, it was the age of wisdom, it was the age of foolishness, it was the epoch of belief, it was the epoch of incredulity, it was the season of Light, it was the season of Darkness, it was the spring of hope, it was the winter of despair, we had everything before us, we had nothing before us, we were all going direct to Heaven, we were all going direct the other way—in short, the period was so far like the present period, that some of its noisiest authorities insisted on its being received, for good or for evil, in the superlative degree of comparison only.

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 English 1,000 years ago | English today | English in 100 years: https://www.audible.com/blog/science-technology/ hear-what-scholars-think-english-will-sound-like-in-100-years

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More practice; homework

- We'll do the exercises in §§ 1 3 and 1 4 of Walter Sauer's A Drillbook of English Phonetics
- If not done at the beginning of the class, students will read aloud portions of the *Dialectal Differences* text, clapping the rhythm as they go.
- For homework: Listen to examples of Indian English to get a feel for the rhythm (syllable-timing): http: //www.spence.saar.de/courses/phoneticswithlistening/ and scroll down to: 14-INDIAN ENGLISH
- For homework: Mark the stresses (including the "silent beats") in *Dialectal Differences* and identify the weak forms. Hint:
 - ", but there are marked differences" is
 - / $_{\wedge}$ bətðə
əə / ma:kt / dıfı
ənsız
- For homework: Read the 3 short PDF files from Arnold and Hansen on Rhythm. You can find them here: http://www.spence.saar.de/phonetics/unit12_20241/ (03, 04, 05)

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