



MORPHOLOGY EXERCISE (1): NOMINAL AND ADVERBIAL

A. NOUNS (and pronouns)

Give the plural of the following:

- | | | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| (1)
cap
cape
mat
dock
cuff
cloth | (2a)
cab
wabe
wad
cog
grove | (3)
car
lair
bore
bay
bow | (4)
match
watch
badge
church
speech
boss
bus
piece
cause
eyelash
entourage
hinge
box |
| (5)
city
buoy
journey
dye
Germany | (6a)
shelf
itself
myself
thief
wife | (7)
photo
potato
tomato
torpedo | (8)
man
woman
postman
child
ox
mouse
louse
goose
tooth
foot |
| (9a)
happiness
democracy
love | (6b)
moth
bath
path
mouth
house | | (14)
octopus
nucleus
radius
memorandum
stratum
analysis
basis
crisis
hypothesis
neurosis
vertebra
antenna
index
phenomenon
corpus
genus
seraph
cherub
précis |
| (9b)
cod
salmon
sheep | (10b)
beer
coffee
butter | | |
| (9c)
fish | (11)
a bird | | |
| (10a)
coal
hair | (12)
Prime Minister
Governor-General | | |
| | (13)
PM
MP
6
£ | | |



A. NOUNS (and pronouns) [continued]

Give the singular of the following:

dice	dyes	bases (/ˈbeɪs.iːz/)	
lice	lies	bases (/ˈbeɪs.ɪz/)	
cattle			
birds			
some (/sʌm/) frogs			
some (/ˈsʌm/) frogs or other			
clothes	equipment	strata	media
scissors	furniture	phenomena	
clothes hangers			
trouser pockets			

Which is (grammatically) correct?:

the United States are planning to invade Cuba
 the United States is planning to invade Cuba
 the government are considering a new law
 the government is considering a new law

Give the possessive form of the following:

Pat	James	the boy
John	Karl Marx	the girls
Jenny	Mr Jones	the women
		the Joneses
Colin and Mary		
Tom and I		
his mother-in-law		
the Secretary General		
St James		
Sir Edward St. John		
goodness (in: for sake)		
Christ (in: for sake)		
Socrates		
Jesus		
Jesu		

Give the feminine of the following:

actor
 doctor
 usher
 hero
 nephew
 host
 steward
 chairman



B: NUMERALS

Give the ordinal forms of the following cardinal numbers:

1	21	101	111
2	32	102	112
3	43	103	113
4	54	104	114

C: ADJECTIVES

Give the comparative and superlative of the following:

tall	happy
big	clever
broad	quiet
wide	
dry	
pleasant	careful
common	famous
simple	
likely	
ridiculous	unhappy
curious	unlikely
little	
shy	
good	good-looking
bad	
(he's) ill	
(he's) well	
well-paid	
badly-planned	

D: ADVERBS

Form the adverb from the following adjectives:

sad	suitable	whole	true
cheerful	easy	dull	due
private	shy	full	undue
surprising	dry		eerie
contented	alleged	tragic	public
excited	assured	automatic	fast

Form the comparative and superlative of the following adverbs:

wickedly
(run) fast
(work) hard
(travel) far